



Two Family Members Tortured to Death; Ms. Zhang Yulan Arrested Many Times for Her Belief in Falun Gong

Victim: Ms. Zhang Yulan, female, resident of Jiangyuan County, Baishan City, Jilin Province



Falun Gong practitioner Ms. Zhang Yulan

In 2000, **Ms. Zhang** was arrest because she went to Beijing twice to appeal to the government to stop the persecution of Falun Gong. She was sentenced to a one and a half year term and sent to the Changchun Women's Labor Camp. There she was forced to do hard labor and was often required to work until midnight. She was shocked with electric batons and subjected to corporal punishment. Because she was not willing to give up her belief, her sentence was extended by seven and a half months. After her release, she was also dismissed from her job.

After that, the local authorities often detained Ms. Zhang. They even confiscated her personal saving. While at home, Ms. Zhang was threatened often and kept under close surveillance.

At about 11:00 a.m. on November 28, 2007, Sun Jinghui, team leader of the Jiangyuan District Domestic Security Brigade, led a group of police officers to Ms. Zhang's home. They arrested her, ransacked her home, and confiscated her personal belongings. Ms. Zhang has since disappeared. No one knows where she has been taken.

Originally, Ms. Zhang had a happy family. There were four members in the family and all practiced Falun Gong. In March 2002, her father, Mr. Zhang Quanfu, and her brother Zhang Qifa were sentenced and detained at the Chaoyanggou Labor Camp in Changchun City because they were not willing to give up their belief. They were tortured in the camp. In January 2003, they were tortured to death within 10 days of each other at the Chaoyanggou Labor Camp.



Her mom Ms. Jiao Yongzhi, 68 years old, had been sentenced and forced to do heavy labor in a labor camp. After Ms. Zhang was arrested on November 28, 2007, she was left home alone with no one to care for her.



Ms. Zhao Zhongling Was Tortured to Death, and Got a Three Years Sentence While on Her Death Bed



Ms. Zhao Zhongling

Victim:

Ms. Zhao Zhongling, female, 44, was an employee of Jinjiang Electronics Factory in Chengdu City, Sichuan Province.

Locations:

1. Chengdu City Jinniu District Procuratorate, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province
2. Qingyang District People's hospital, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province

Perpetrators:

Personnel from Jinniu District Procuratorate, detention center and police station, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province

Description:

On March 23, 2007, on the pretext of "having a talk," Chengdu City Jinniu District Procuratorate personnel summoned **Ms. Zhao Zhongling**. Ms. Zhao's parents, in their seventies, did not expect that they would never see their daughter alive again.



On March 23, 2007, after Ms. Zhao was detained, her parents could find no news of her whereabouts and were very worried for her safety. About 20 days later, the Procuratorate called and asked them to come and collect the motorcycle that their daughter had ridden to the Procuratorate. They also informed them that she had been detained. Ms. Zhao's parents recalled the previous five occasions when their daughter had been arrested for practicing Falun Gong, and how injured she had been almost every time she returned.

On April 23 Ms. Zhao's parents heard that she was in critical condition, but personnel from Jinniu District Procuratorate, detention center and police station did not release her. They continued to detain her at Qingyang District People's hospital. They used heavy shackles on her legs and tied her to a bed.

On April 28, in order to escape responsibility, procuratorate personnel went to the hospital and read out a three-year forced labor sentence to Ms. Zhao, who was lying on the bed half dead.

On May 4, Ms. Zhao's sister went to the heavily guarded hospital to pay a visit. By then, Ms. Zhao had lost her ability to speak and could only make some gestures with much pain.

On May 6, 2007 at 4:00 a.m., Ms. Zhao Zhongling passed away. She was only 44 years old.

On the afternoon of May 8, personnel from the Jinniu District Procuratorate, the detention center, and the police station showed up at Ms. Zhao's family home and read out her sentence. Then they said, "Now that Zhao Zhongling has passed away, we will not pursue the case anymore." They demanded that Ms. Zhao's family members sign their acknowledgment that Ms. Zhao was guilty. The family refused. The personnel threatened, "If you refuse to sign, the corpse will be dealt with without following normal procedures within seven days."

The sentencing document was dated May 8, which was the second day after Ms. Zhao's death. It was only prepared on the same day they went to Ms. Zhao's residence. On the document, it was written that "the defendant Zhao Zhongling died in May 2007, and according to Part 5 of Item 15, the People's Republic of China Law of Criminal Procedure, the judge decided that investigation of the case would stop." Thus the sentence that was read out on April 28 at the hospital and at Ms. Zhao's residence was non-existent. The sentencing document from which they read the three-year imprisonment sentence was never seen by Ms. Zhao's family members.

On the morning of May 11, after receiving many threats from various agents, Ms. Zhao's heartbroken and frightened family members, fearing that Ms. Zhao's body would



be disposed of by the authorities, finally decided to sign the document. Once they signed, the authorities pushed them to have her body cremated that very afternoon.



A Family Brought Together and Torn Apart Again



Left: Mr. Liu Hongwei, daughter Liu Jiahui and wife Yu Lixin(dead);
Right: recent photo of the daughter Liu Jiahui



Left: Ms. Mu Ping and Mr. Shao Hui(dead) and their son Shao Linyao when he was a baby; Center: Mr. Shao Hui and Shao Linyao; Right: Son Shao Linyao's recent photo

The girl **Liu Huijia** (her nickname is Xinzhu), 12 years old, is the daughter of the couple of **Mr. Liu Hongwei** and **Ms. Yu Lixin** (both are Falun Gong practitioners). The boy **Shao Linyao** is the son of the couple of **Mr. Shao Hui** and **Ms. Mu Ping** (both are Falun Gong practitioners).

On May 13, 2002, the girl Huijia's mother, Ms. Yu Lixin, from Jilin City was tortured to death at Jilin Province Hezuizi Women's Prison.

In August 2002, the boy Shao Linyao's father, Mr. Shao Hui from Huadian was tortured to death at Jilin City. The children, Liu Jiahui and Shao Linyao, thus each lost the love from one of their parents.

Since July 20, 1999 when the persecution of Falun Gong began, time after time, the two children Liu Jiahui and Shao Linyao faced not only separation from their parents, but also the possibility of becoming orphaned.



The Family of Mr. Liu Hongwei

It was very difficult for the girl Huijia to see her father, because police officers from the National Security Team in Jilin Province and staff from the 610 Office searched for him everywhere during the past years. They even went to Huijia's school in an attempt to find her father. This has frightened and worried young Xinzhu deeply. Xinzhu often wonders, "Dad, when will you come to see me?" But knowing that all these people were looking for her father, waiting to arrest him, she shared her worries and anxieties with no one. She just hid in a corner and was sad.

The Family of Ms. Mu Ping

From the time he was three years old, Shao Linyao experienced time after time the trauma of the police taking his parents away. He experienced loneliness, helplessness, being terrified and sadness because of missing his family. In the evening, when he went to bed, he covered himself with a blanket. He can't remember how often he woke up crying. At daycare, he often couldn't help crying. When the teacher asked him why, he said that his parents were suffering at the forced labor camp, and the guards shocked them with electric batons.

Ms. Mu Ping, who had been tortured for close to three years at the forced labor camp, was released on bail and allowed to go home. Shao Linyao never left his mother's side, because he was so afraid of losing her again. When his mother told him that he had to go to bed earlier, since he had to go to school the next day, he said tearfully, "I was so afraid that you were arrested again by the bad people. If you don't come back, I can't sleep."

The Family Brought Together

The persecution has wounded two children's hearts to different degrees. Due to the similarity of their experiences, Liu Hongwei's and Mu Ping's families walked together and formed a new family.

Liu Hongwei and Mu Ping went to Changchun City, where they found jobs and settled down. On October 24, 2006, police officers from the National Security Team in Jilin Province arrested Liu Hongwei and Mu Ping at their workplace. The perpetrators from the National Security Team in Jilin City teamed up with police from Mengjiatun Police Station in the Chaoyang Police Sub-Bureau in Changchun City and ransacked their home. They confiscated a laptop, cash, a deposit book with 70,000 yuan, Dafa books and truth-clarification materials. They were taken to Jilin City Detention Center the next day. Liu Hongwei is detained in Cell No.101 in the detention center, and Mu Ping is detained in Cell No. 608.



When their family learned that police from the National Security Team arrested Mr. Liu and Ms. Mu, they immediately called staff from the National Security Team in Jilin City to inquire about it. Staff from the National Security Team pretended not to know anything. They claimed that they didn't know where they were. They even asked the family how they came to know about it. The family insisted to be told the truth, so the staff from the National Security Team finally admitted to the arrest.

After staff from the National Security Team confiscated Mu Ping's bank deposit book, they went to the Huadian Construction Bank and instructed the bank to freeze Mu Ping's 70,000 yuan savings. When her family went to the bank to withdraw the money, they found that the bank account was frozen.

Mu Ping's 76-year-old mother, hurt deeply, suffered a relapse of her heart disease. Liu Hongwei's 64-year-old mother went to the National Security Team in Jilin City to ask for her son's release. After much effort, she was able to meet with the Division Manager Lin from the National Security Team who told her to wait and that she couldn't see her son now. The elderly lady had to hold back her tears when she asked Lin, "What on earth did my son do wrong? Our family has lost one person, now you arrested my son; you don't want us to live, do you? My grandson has nobody to look after him."

Liu Hongwei and Mu Ping are still detained. Their elderly mothers are on the brink of a mental collapse. The children have not been told of the latest arrest of their parents.



Ms. Wei Fengju, a Teacher from Dongfeng County, Jilin Province, Dies after Six Years of Persecution in Forced Labor Camps



Ms. Wei Fengju at a young age



Wei Fengju on July 11, 2007 , the day before she died

Victim:

Ms. Wei Fengju, 50 years of age, was a teacher at the Dongfeng County No. 4 Middle School in Jilin Province.

Locations:

The First Division of the Heizuzi Forced Labor Camp, Changchun City, Jilin Province

Perpetrators:

1. Chen Shuangyou, a policeman from the Dongfeng County Political Security Section (now the National Security Team) in Jilin Province.



2. Policeman Yang, Chief Lian from the administration section, and other police from the First Division of the Heizuizi Forced Labor Camp
3. Wei Dan, female, around 37 years old, a policewoman from Team 2 of the First Division, Heizuizi Forced Labor Camp
4. Su Jingyou, Principal of Dongfeng County No. 4 Middle School, Jilin Province
5. Lu Shenglong (died), Communist Party Secretary of Dongfeng County No. 4 Middle School, Jilin Province
6. Yu Zhiguo, Chairman of the Workers Committee, Dongfeng County No. 4 Middle School, Jilin Province

Description:

Ms. Wei Fengju started practicing Falun Gong before 1998, and many illnesses she had had disappeared without a trace. On December 30, 1999, she was arrested because she went to Beijing to appeal for the right to practice Falun Gong. On the night of January 1, 2000, policeman Chen Shuangyou from the Dongfeng County Political Security Section (now the National Security Team) in Jilin Province escorted her back by train. She was detained in the First Division of the Heizuizi Forced Labor Camp for a year.

In the First Division of the Heizuizi Labor Camp, Falun Gong practitioners were forced to work hard for 17 to 20 hours a day. They could only sleep for an hour or two at night. Sometimes they were not allowed to sleep at all. The guards also ordered other inmates to take turns watching the practitioners. They did not allow practitioners to talk to each other. In the winter, practitioners had to shower in ice cold water. One day, all the team leaders, guards from the First Division, policeman Yang, and Chief Lian from the administration section forced the practitioners in the First Division to stand in line. They shocked every practitioner with electric batons. The guards shocked Ms. Wei on her chest. They also inserted an electric baton into her mouth to shock her, which disfigured her mouth.

Ms. Wei Fengju's term was extended by two months. She was released in March 2001. The school she worked for did not restore her position, so she had no source of income. Her husband divorced her and did not leave her any property. She did not have any place to stay. Her child was just 15 years old at that time and there was no one to take care of her child.

On January 15, 2002, Ms. Wei was arrested again because she had informed people about the facts of Falun Gong and the persecution. She was detained in the Heizuizi Forced Labor Camp for more than three years. She was released in the first half of 2005. She went to her old school to ask for her job back, but the school did not restore her position. The 610 Office, the Politics and Law Committee, the Education Bureau, and the school in Dongfeng County shifted responsibility from one person to another. Later they framed her and asked her if she still practiced Falun Gong. She said, "Yes." Then



they told her to sign a document. After she signed the document, they took the document as "evidence" for her arrest. They followed her for 20 days and arrested her again in October 2005. She was detained in the Heizuizi Forced Labor Camp for one and a half years, and was released on April 13, 2007.

When she was detained in the labor camp, in February 2007, she had pain in her abdomen and could not eat. She asked to see a doctor. Since the doctor of the camp clinic was not around, her pain was not treated until she was released.

While Ms. Wei was detained, her mother died after being paralyzed in bed for 18 years. Camp officials did not allow her to go home and see her mother's face for the last time. The camp never allowed her family members to visit her.

After going home, Ms. Wei never regained her health. She had a poor and difficult life. She could not eat and became emaciated and eventually her urine became bloody. Her situation worsened and she could not take care of herself. One day she told others, "I won't be able to recover, because they injected some unknown medicine into me." Only her 70-year-old father took care of her. He was very worried, seeing how his daughter had been persecuted so severely. Soon, his health worsened and by the time of her death, he could barely walk. On July 12, 2007 at 4:15 p.m., Ms. Wei Fengju died at the age of 47; her weight was only about 25kg.